#### **EURORAI Seminar in Bad Homburg vor der Höhe**

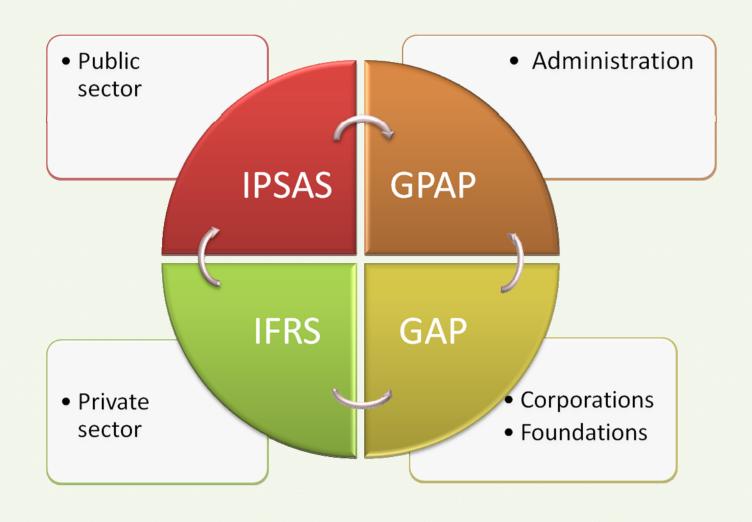
New Public Management in Europe 20th May 2011

# The introduction of IPSAS in Public Accounting in Spain from the viewpoint of a public sector audit institution

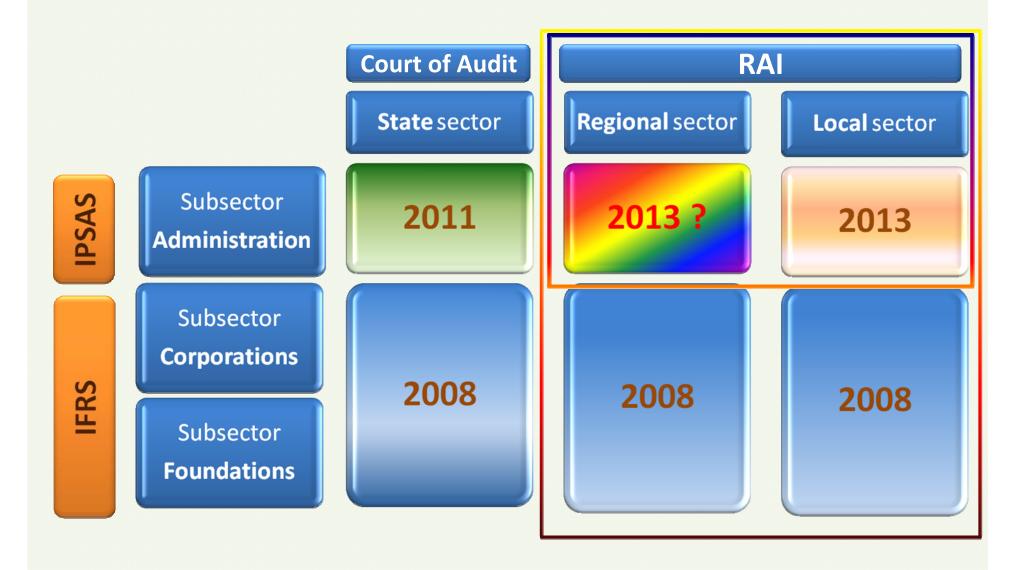
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#### Globalization and convergence of accounting



#### **Effective Date**



Accounting statements	IFRS <b>•</b>	GAP	GPAP 2011/13	IPSAS
Balance sheet	X	X	X	X
Profit and loss statement	X	X	X	X
Statement of changes in equity	X	X	X	X
Cash-flow statement	X	X	X	X
Notes to the accounts	X	X	X	X
Budget execution			X	X

### **Purpose of Financial Statements**

1. Provide useful information for economic decision-making (=Spanish General Accounting Plan -GAP)

2. Establish a means for the accountability of the audited body.

### **Accountability**

The annual accounts are a means for the accountability of the audited body, in which RAIs play an essential role.

This will be achieved by providing information and auditing the following:

- •sources of financing, allocation and use of financial resources
- •way the audited body has financed its activities
- •assess the ability of the audited body to finance its activities and comply with its obligations and commitments
- •financial situation and its changes
- performance according to its service costs, efficiency and achievements
- compliance with the legally approved budget
- •compliance with legal and contractual requirements

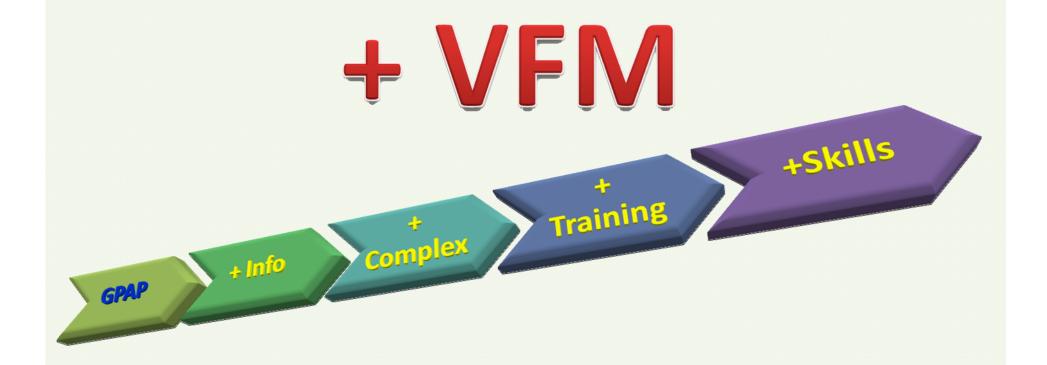
### **Performance indicators**

- Financial indicators
- Asset indicators
- Budgetary indicators
- Performance indicators

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- Financial indicators
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- Performance indicators





The new GPAP/IPSAS 'shall make easier' VFM audits but we need to prepare for this.

# Impact on financial audit New risks

Changes in specific accounting criteria:

Budgetary changes no

Financial changes yes

Risks **combined** with those risks arising from the economic and budgetary crisis

# New risks in financial audit arising from the new accounting framework

- + errors when interpreting IPSAS/GPAP
- + errors of calculation
- + errors in the estimates



- + professional diligence
- + professional scepticism
- + training

# Risks combined with those risks arising from the economic crisis

- + Debt
- Income C CRISIS
- toss of confidence and credibility
  - + Going concern !!!!

- + professional diligence
- + professional scepticism
- + transparency

# IPSAS CRISIS

Need to adopt or reinforce a risk approach when carrying out audits







# Credibility and transparency in public sector management

**Accounting information requirement** of the new GPAP:

 Information must be reliable, that is, free of errors and biases

Who guarantees/ ensures reliability of the accounts to the citizen?

>>> an effective internal audit

>>> External audit

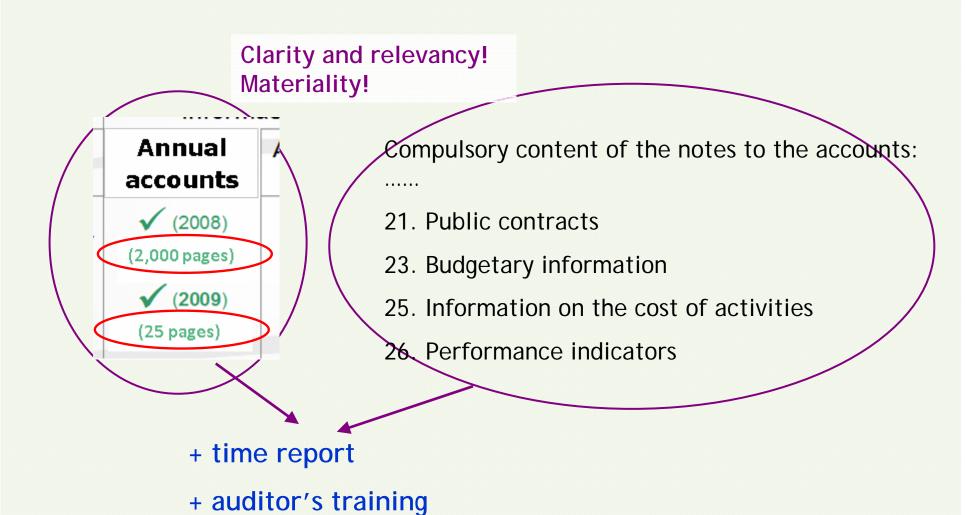
# Credibility and transparency in public sector management

**Transparent**: clear, obvious, which can be clearly and unambiguously understood

Transparency and credibility must be based on:

- Sound and generally accepted accounting principles
   (Spanish General Public Accounting Plan GPAP)
- Accountability and disclosure of accounts (promptly and regularly)
- -Internal audit
- –External audit (public or private)

#### A reflection on the notes to the accounts



### 'Extension' of IPSAS

#### **Service Potential**

It is a concept established by IPSAS for the public sector, a concept which the Spanish Institute of Accounting and Account Audits (ICAC) has also extended to public enterprises (GAP).

The non application of this criterion by the Audit Office of the Autonomous Community of Valencia would have given rise to very significant problems (assets, impairment).